# SAULT COLLEGE OF APPLIED ARTS \& TECHNOLOGY SAULT STE MARIE, ON <br>  

## COURSE OUTLINE

## Course Titie: Mathematics

Code No.: Mth 143-5
Semester: Winter

Program; Mechanical/Electrical / Electronics / Computer / Architectural / Civil Technician

## Author: J. McGauley

## Date: January 1998 <br> Previous Outline Dated:

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Approved: \%Loc/cc/^^^J\}^^ $\wedge$ Dean
(L-»^ 9ff^
$\wedge$ Date

Total Credits: 5
Prerequisite(s): Mth 142
Substitutes: Mth 220, Mth 221, Mth 426, Mth 251, Mth 612
Total Credit Hours: 84

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## L COURSE DESCRIPTION:

This course is a continuatlon of MTH 142-5 (from Semester One) for engineering technology students. Topics of study include plane analytic geometry, geometry, complex numbers, and functions including trigonometric, exponential and logarithmic functions. This course also indudes an introduction to statistics.

The goals of this course are, first to show that mathematics does plan a most important role in the development and understanding of the various fields of technology and, secondly to ensure that students acquire the mathematical and chtical thinking skills necessary to analyze and solve engineering technology problems.

## il. LEARNING OUTCOMES AND ELEMENTS OF THE PERFORMANCE:

## A. Leaming Outcomes and Elements of the Performance:

Upon successfui compietion of this course, students wiil demonstrate the ability to:
Topic 1: Units of Measurement and Approximate Numbers

1. Convert units of measurement from one system to another
2. Perform basic arithmetic operations on approximate numbers.

Topic 2: Geometry

1. Solve practical problems to find the sides and angles of right triangles
2. Solve practical problems to find the areas of a triangle or quadrilateral
3. Solve problems involving the circumference, diameter, area or tangent to a circle
4. Compute surface areas and volumes of spheres, cylinders, cones and other solid figures

## Topic 3: Plane Analytic Geometr/

1. Write the equatlon of a line using the slope-intercept form, the point-slope form or the twopoint fonn
2. Write the equation of a circle, ellipse or parabola from given information
3. Make a graph of any of the above conic sections

## Topic 4: Trigonometric Functions of any Angle

1. Identify the aigebraic sign of a given trig function for an angle in any quadrant
2. Find a trig function for any angle using a calculator
3. Convert angles between radians, degrees and revolutions

Topic 5: Vectors and Oblique Triangles

1. Detenmine the resultant of two or more vectors
2. Resolve a vector into its components
3. Solve applied problems requiring vectors
4. Solve oblique triangles using the law of sines and the law of cosines
5. Solve applied problems requiring oblique triangles

## II. LEARNING OUTCOMES AND ELEMENTS OF THE PERFORMANCE (Continued):

Topic6: Complex Numbers

1. Write complex numbers in rectangular, polar, trigonohietric and exponentlal fonns
2. Graph complex numbers in both rectangular and polar form
3. Find the sum, differences, products, quotients, powers and roots of complex numbers

## " 0 OP'C 7: Graphs of Trigonometric Functions

1. Find the amplitude, period, frequency and phase angle for a sine wave or cosine wave
2. Write the sine function or cosine function, given the amplitude, period and phase
3. Graph the sine function, cosine function or tangent function

## TopicS: Additional Topics in Trigonometry

1. Simplify a trigonometric expression using the fundamental identities
2. Prove trigonometric identities using the fundamental identities
3. Simplify expressions or prove identities using the sum or difference fomnulae or doubleangie formulae
4. Solve trigonometric equations
5. Evaluate inverse trigonometric functions

## TopicQ; Exponential and Logarithmic Functions

1. Define the logarithmic and exponential function
2. Graph logarithmic and exponential functions
3. Convert expressions between exponential and logarithmic form
4. Evaluate, manipulate and simplify logarithmic expressions
5. Solve exponential and logarithmic equations

## Topic 10: Statistics

1. Organize data into frequency distributions, frequency histograms or frequency polygons
2. Calculate the mean, median and mode
3. Calculate the range and standard of deviation

## 111. TOPICS:

## Approximate Time Frame (no. of hours)

1 Units of measurement and approximate numbers ..... 5
2 Geometry (Architectural/Civil oniy) ..... 9
3 Plane Analytic Geometry ..... 11
4 Trigonometric functions of any angle ..... 3
5 Vectors and oblique triangles ..... 7
6 Complex numbers (Electrical / Electronics / Computer ..... 9
only
7 Graphs of Trigonometric functions ..... 5
8 Additional topics in Trigonometry ..... 8
9 Exponential and Logarithmic functions ..... 11
10 Statistics ..... 5

## IV, LEARNING ACTIVITIES:

1.0 Units of Measurement and Approximate Number;s
1.1 The metric system (SI)
2.1 Calculators and approximate numbers
2.0 Geometry
2.1 Lines and angles
2.2 Triangles
2.3 QuadriPaterals
2.4 Circles
2.5 Solid Geometric figures
2.6 Review exercises
3.0 Plane Analytic Geometry
3.1 Basic definitions
3.2 The straight line
3.3 The circle
3.4 The parabola
3.5 The ellipse
3.6 Translation of axes
4.0 Trigonometric functions of any angle
4.1 Signs of trigonometric functions
4.2 Trigonometric functions of any angle
4.3 Radians
4.4 Applications of the use of radians
4.5 Review exercise
5.0 Vectors and Oblique Triangles
5.1 Introduction to vectors
5.2 Components of vectors
5.3 Vector addition by components
5.4 Application of vectors
5.5 Oblique triangles, the sine law
5.6 The law of cosines
5.7 Review exercise
6.0 Complex Numbers
6.1 Basic definitions
6.2 Basic operations with complex numbers
6.3 Graphica! representation of complex numbers
6.4 Polar form of complex numbers
6.5 Exponential form of a complex number
6.6 Products, quotients, powers and roots of complex numbers
6.7 Review exercise

Question 1-40, p. A-9
Appendix B
Questions 1-52, p. 15
Chapter 2
Questions 1-24, p. 51
Questions 1-36, p. 57
Questions 1-28, p. 61
Questions 1-30, p. 64
Questions 1-24, p. 70
Questions 1-56, p. 72
Chapter 21
Questions 1-36, p. 540
Questions 1-40, p. 545
Questions 1-32, p. 551
Questions 1-29, p. 555
Questions 1-31, p. 560
Questions 1-28, p. 569
(Omit hyperbolic questions)
Chapter 8
Questions 1-24, p. 220
Questions 1-56, p. 226
Questions 1-60, p. 231
Questions 1-40, p. 235
Questions 1-72, p. 238
Chapter 9
Questions 1-36, p. 244
Questions 1-24, p. 247
Questions 1-24, p. 252
Questions 1-24, p,. 255
Questions 1-32, p. 262
Questions 1-32, p,. 267
Questions 1-56, p.. 268
Chapter 12
Questions 1-52, p. 322
Questions 1-60, p. 325
Questions 1-32, p. 327
Questions 1-40, p. 330
Questions 1-32, p. 333
Questions 1-40, p. 339
Questions 1-68, p. 347

## IV. LEARNING ACTIVITIES (confd):

### 7.0 Graphs of Trigonometric Functions

ChapterIO
7.1 Graphs of $y=A \sin x$ and $y=A \cos x$

Questions 1-20, p. 274
7.2 Graphs of $y=A \sin b x$ and $y=A \cos b x$

Questions 1-20, p. 277
7.3 Graphs of $y=A \sin (b x+c)$ and $y=A \cos (b x+c)$

Questions 1-24, p. 281
7.4 Review exercise

Questions 1-24, p. 292
8.0 Additional Topics in Trigonometry

Chapter 20
8.1 Fundamental trigonometric identities

Questions 1-38, p. 509
8.2 Sine and cosine of the sum and difference of two angles

Questions 1-36, p. 514
8.3 Double angle fomnulae

Questions 1-30, p. 517'
8.4 Trigonometric equations
8.5 Inverse trigonometric functions
8.6 Review exercise
9.0 Exponential and Logarithmic Functions
9.1 The exponential and logarithmic functions

Questions 1-16, p. 526
Questions 1-32, p. 531
Questions 1-76, p. 533
Chapter 13
9.2 Graphs of exponential and logarithmic functions

Questions 1-56, p. 352
9.3 Properties of iogarithms
9.4 Logarlthms
9.5 Natural Iogarithms
9.6 Exponential and logarithmic equations
10.0 Statistics and Empirica! Curve Fitting
10.1 Frequency distributions
10.2 Measures of central tendency
10.3 Standard deviation (omit Formula 22-2)

Questions 1-48, p. 359
Questions 1-24, p. 362
Questions 1-42, p. 365
Questions 1-56, p. 375
Questions 61-78
Chapter 21
Questions 1-24, p. 587
Questions 1-32, p. 591
Questions 1-24, p. 597

## V. REQUIRED RESOURCES / TEXTS / MATERIALS:

1. Basic Technical Mathematics with Calcuius, Washington A.J., Sixth Edition (metric version), Benjamin Cummings Publishers, 1995
2. Calculator: (Recommended) SHARP Scientific calcuiator EL-531G. The use ofsome kinds of calculators may be æstricted during tests.

## VI. EVALUATION PROCESS / GRADING SYSTEM:

## MAJOR ASSIGNMENTS AND TESTING

While regular tests will nomnally be scheduled and announced beforehand, there may be an unannounced test on cuaent work at any time. Such tests, at the discretion of the instructor, may be used for up to $30 \%$ of the overall mark.

At the discretion of the instructor, there may be a mid-term exam and there may be a final exam, each of which can contribute up to $30 \%$ of the overall mark.

## VI. EVALUATION PROCESS / GRADING SYSTEM (conrd):

The instnjctor will provide you with a list of test dates. Tests may be scheduled out of regular dass time.

## ATTENDANCE

It is your responsibility to attend all classes during the semester. Research indicates there is a high correlation between attendance and student success.

If you are absent from class, it is your responsibility to find out from your instnjctor what work was covered and assigned and to complete this work before the next ciass. Your absence indicates your acceptance of this responsibility.

Unexcused absence from a test may result in a mark of zero (" 0 "). Absence may be excused on compassionate grounds such as verified iilness or bereavement. On return from an excused absence, you should ask your instructorto schedule the writing of a make-up test. Failure to do so will be considered as an unexcused absence.

## METHOD OF ASSESSMENT (GRADING METHOD)

A+ Consistently outstanding
(90\%-100\%)
A Outstanding achievement
B Consistently above average achievement
C Satisfactory or acceptable achievement in all areas subject to assessment
(55\%-69\%)
X or R A temporary grade, limited to situations wlth extenuating circumstances, giving a student additionai time to complete course requirements (See Below)
R Repeat - The student has not achieved the objectives of the course, and the course must be repeated

CR Credit exemption
The method of caiculating your weighted average wlli be defined by your instructor. Since grades are based upon averages, it foilows that good marks in some tests can compensate for a failing mark in another test.

